NARRATING LIVES, NARRATING SELVES

Women's Autobiographies in Hindi



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Monika Browarczyk

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NOTES ON TRANSCRIPTION, TITLE ANNOTATION, AND QUOTATIONS

In this book words from Hindi, and some other Indian languages (Sanskrit, Marathi etc.), are transliterated with diacritical marks in accordance with the rules followed in South Asian studies (there are some disputed subjects, like nasalisation, but I hope that the system applied here is clear to the reader). Hindi texts are transliterated as printed in the original versions, where 'qa', 'xa' and 'ġa' are commonly substituted with 'ka', 'kha' and 'ga.' Names of places in general and names of people from the 19th c. onwards are written in popular anglicised form. Some Indian words that are common in English are written in the anglicised form, too.

There are some inconsistencies for in the body of text and in the quoted passages the reader may encounter different spellings as adopted by other authors e.g. 'Rgveda' and 'Rig Veda.' The word 'Dalit' is spelled by me with the capital letter but in some quoted passages one can also find 'dalit.'

The quotations in transliterated Hindi, if short (a few words or a sentence or two), are cited within the text in italics, otherwise in the footnotes without italics, as they appear more readable in this form.

All translations from the original Hindi texts, but for Sheoraj Singh Bechain's autobiography, are mine. If a piece of writing is available in English translation the title is written in italics, e.g. the autobiography of Pandey Bechan Sharma 'Ugra' or *Apnī khabar* is translated into English by Ruth Vanita as *About Me*. If I give my own translation of the title of an original Hindi work, I mark it with inverted comas, like Kausalya Baisantri's *Dohrā Abhiśāp* or "Double Curse." If a title is a name of a person or place, translation is not provided.

In the second half of the 1990s more than a dozen women published their autobiographies in Hindi. It was a new development as far as Hindi was concerned and the sizable growth in the number of published autobiographies seems to have been quite sudden.

The research, presented in this book, examines possible reasons for the emergence of these auto narratives in Hindi. It looks also at some theoretical debates on the autobiographical modes of expression in relation to identity, subjectivity and agency as concepts significant for both the feminist and the postcolonial discourses. Finally, it presents close reading of four autobiographies written by women in Hindi (Kausalya Baisantri, Maitreyi Pushpa, Prabha Khaitan and Chandrakiran Sonrexa).

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